PREVAILED	Roll Call No
FAILED	Ayes
WITHDRAWN	Noes
RULED OUT OF ORDER	

## **HOUSE MOTION**

## MR. SPEAKER:

I move that House Bill 1118 be amended to read as follows:

1	Page 4, between lines 12 and 13, begin a new line block indented
2	and insert:
3	"(22) Subtract an amount equal to the deduction allowed
4	under IC 6-3-2-21.".
5	Page 7, between lines 36 and 37, begin a new paragraph and insert:
6	"SECTION 3. IC 6-3-2-21 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
7	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JANUARY 1, 2005 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 21. (a) As used in this
9	section, "student loan" refers to a qualified education loan (as
10	defined in Section 221 of the Internal Revenue Code).
11	(b) Subject to subsection (d), in each taxable year, an individual
12	who is obligated to repay a student loan may deduct in computing
13	the individual's adjusted gross income the amount determined
14	under STEP TWELVE of the following formula:
15	STEP ONE: Determine the total amount of payments paid by
16	the individual with respect to the individual's student loans
17	during the taxable year.
18	STEP TWO: Determine the part of the STEP ONE result that
19	is attributable to interest and other financing charges.
20	STEP THREE: Subtract the STEP TWO result from the
21	STEP ONE result to determine the part of the STEP ONE
22	result attributable to principal.
23	STEP FOUR: Determine the part of the STEP TWO result
24	deducted by the individual in computing the individual's
25	federal adjusted gross income under Section 62 of the Internal

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1	Revenue Code.
2	STEP FIVE: Subtract the STEP FOUR result from the STEP
3	TWO result.
4	STEP SIX: Determine the initial outstanding principal
5	balance on the student loan as of the expiration of the most
6	recent grace period following the final date of attendance at
7	
8	the most recently attended institution of higher education. In
	the case of a husband and wife filing a joint return, determine
9 10	this amount independently for each individual, and add the two (2) amounts.
11	
12	STEP SEVEN: Determine the part of the STEP SIX amount
	deducted by the individual in computing the individual's
13	federal adjusted gross income under Section 62 of the Internal
14	Revenue Code in the current and any prior taxable years.
15	STEP EIGHT: Divide the STEP SEVEN result by the STEP
16	SIX result, rounding to the nearest one thousandth (0.001).
17	STEP NINE: Subtract the STEP EIGHT result from one (1).
18	STEP TEN: Multiply the STEP THREE result by the STEP
19	NINE result.
20	STEP ELEVEN: Add the STEP FIVE result and the STEP
21	TEN result.
22	STEP TWELVE: Determine the lesser of the following:
23	(A) The STEP ELEVEN result.
24	(B) Three thousand dollars (\$3,000).
25	(c) A husband and wife filing a joint adjusted gross income tax
26	return for a particular taxable year may not claim a deduction
27	under this section of more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000) in
28	any taxable year.
29	(d) An individual may not claim the deduction provided by this
30	section for more than ten (10) taxable years during the individual's
31	lifetime. For purposes of applying this subsection to an individual
32	who files a joint return with the individual's spouse, the question of
33	whether a joint return counts toward each spouse's lifetime
34	allotment is determined independently for each spouse with
35	reference to the underlying student loan. A joint return on which
36	the deduction provided by this section is claimed counts towards a
37	spouse's lifetime allotment only to the extent that the spouse is
38	obligated to repay some part of the underlying student loan
39	payments that are being deducted.".
40	Page 7, between lines 39 and 40, begin a new paragraph and insert:
41	"SECTION 5. [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2005
42	(RETROACTIVE)] IC 6-3-2-21, as added by this act, applies only

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to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004.".

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1	(Reference is to HB 1118 as printed January 14, 2005.)
	Representative Van Haaften

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